

117TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 9186

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to provide grants to States to address contamination by perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances on farms, and for other purposes.

---

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 14, 2022

Ms. PINGREE (for herself and Mr. GOLDEN) introduced the following bill;  
which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture

---

## A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to provide grants to States to address contamination by perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances on farms, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Relief for Farmers Hit  
5       with PFAS Act”.

6       **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

7       In this Act:

8           (1) AGRICULTURAL LAND.—

1                             (A) IN GENERAL.—The term “agricultural  
2                             land” means any land that is used, or capable  
3                             of use without substantial modification, for pro-  
4                             duction of farm products.

5                             (B) INCLUSION.—The term “agricultural  
6                             land” includes irrigation water and ground-  
7                             water on or associated with land described in  
8                             subparagraph (A).

9                             (2) COMMERCIAL FARM.—The term “commer-  
10                             cial farm” means a farm on which a person pro-  
11                             duces any farm product with the intent that the  
12                             farm product be sold or otherwise disposed of to  
13                             generate income.

14                             (3) FARM PRODUCT.—

15                             (A) IN GENERAL.—The term “farm prod-  
16                             uct” means any plant or animal that is useful  
17                             to humans.

18                             (B) INCLUSIONS.—The term “farm prod-  
19                             uct” includes—

- 20                                 (i) forages;
- 21                                 (ii) sod crops;
- 22                                 (iii) grains;
- 23                                 (iv) food crops;
- 24                                 (v) dairy products;
- 25                                 (vi) poultry and poultry products;

- 1 (vii) bees;

2 (viii) livestock and livestock products;

3 (ix) fruits;

4 (x) berries;

5 (xi) vegetables;

6 (xii) flowers;

7 (xiii) seeds;

8 (xiv) grasses;

9 (xv) Christmas trees; and

10 (xvi) other similar products.

(4) PFAS.—The term “PFAS” means any member of the class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at least 1 fully fluorinated carbon atom.

(5) PROGRAM.—The term “program” means the program established under section 3(a).

18                             (7) SEPTAGE.—The term “septage” means  
19                             waste, refuse, effluent, sludge, and any other mate-  
20                             rials from septic tanks, cesspools, or any other simi-  
21                             lar facilities.

22 (8) SLUDGE.—The term “sludge” means—

## **7 SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT.**

8       (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a  
9 program under which the Secretary shall provide grants  
10 to States for the purposes described in section 4.

11 (b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a grant  
12 under the program, a State shall contain—

(1) agricultural land that contains any soil with levels above 0.3 parts per billion of PFAS; or

15                   (2) water used for the production of farm prod-  
16                   ucts that is above the less stringent of—

(B) the most recent advisory level for PFAS established by that State, if applicable.

## 24 (c) APPLICATIONS.—

1                             (1) IN GENERAL.—To receive a grant under the  
2 program, the department of agriculture or similar  
3 agency of a State shall submit to the Secretary an  
4 application at such time, in such manner, and con-  
5 taining such information as the Secretary may re-  
6 quire.

7                             (2) SPEND PLAN.—An application submitted  
8 under paragraph (1) shall contain a plan describing  
9 how the State will administer the funding received  
10 under the program, including funding priorities and  
11 oversight.

12                             (d) SET-ASIDE.—The Secretary shall provide not less  
13 than 30 percent of the total amount of grants provided  
14 under the program to 1 or more States with a population  
15 of less than 3,000,000.

16 **SEC. 4. PURPOSES.**

17                             A State may use a grant received under the program  
18 to provide funding for any of the following purposes:

19                             (1) Monitoring the health of a person, and  
20 members of the household of that person, whose ag-  
21 ricultural land is found to be contaminated by  
22 PFAS, including blood serum testing.

23                             (2) Providing medical care to a person who—  
24                                 (A) works or lives on—

5 (B) is found to have—

(i) blood levels of PFAS greater than the general population of the United States; or

(ii) health effects associated with exposure to PFAS.

### 11 (3) Relocating—

(A) agricultural land that is found to be contaminated by PFAS; or

(B) a commercial farm any agricultural land of which is found to be contaminated by PFAS.

17                             (4) Buying, selling, or providing compensation  
18                             for agricultural land or farm products found to be  
19                             contaminated by PFAS, including costs associated  
20                             with the depopulation or disposal of farm products,  
21                             premortem or postmortem.

1 itability while the producers on the agricultural land  
2 or commercial farm, in response to the PFAS con-  
3 tamination—

4 (A) transition to an alternative cropping  
5 system; or

6 (B) implement remediation strategies (in-  
7 cluding disposal), technological adaptations,  
8 solar energy development, or other modifica-  
9 tions to the operations of the agricultural land  
10 or commercial farm.

11 (6) Assisting the producers on agricultural land  
12 that, or a commercial farm any agricultural land of  
13 which, is found to be contaminated by PFAS in de-  
14 veloping an enterprise budget for—

15 (A) alternative cropping systems;

16 (B) remediation strategies;

17 (C) technological adaptations; or

18 (D) transitioning to an alternative revenue  
19 stream, including a land-use system that com-  
20 bines agricultural use of the land with solar en-  
21 ergy production.

22 (7) Providing financial assistance to a person  
23 the commercial farm of which is found to be con-  
24 taminated by PFAS, including income replacement  
25 and mortgage payments.

(8) Evaluating and expanding the capacity of PFAS testing and data management in the State.

3 (9) Conducting research that—

(A) supports short-term farm management decisions with respect to agricultural land that has been contaminated by PFAS; and

(B) assesses future options for viable uses of agricultural land that has been contaminated by PFAS.

### 13 (11) Conducting research on—

14 (A) soil and water remediation systems;  
15 and

(B) the viability of those systems for commercial farms.

## 18 (12) Conducting research on—

(A) implementing alternative cropping systems in response to PFAS contamination;

(B) the PFAS uptake of various crops:

22 (C) the use of livestock systems to mitigate  
23 exposure to, and for remediation of, PFAS; and

24 (D) food safety criteria for food products  
25 relating to PFAS contamination

(13) Developing and implementing educational programs for owners of agricultural land, including determining best practices for—

(B) providing information and guidance on buying or selling agricultural land on which sludge or septage was applied.

(14) Long-term monitoring of agricultural land sites contaminated by PFAS and establishing a corresponding centralized data repository.

(17) Testing of farm products, agricultural land, or other locations that are suspected to be contaminated with PFAS.

## 4 SEC. 5. REPORTS.

5        Not later than March 31 following each year of the  
6 period of a grant received under the program, the depart-  
7 ment of agriculture or similar agency of a State shall sub-  
8 mit to the Secretary a report describing—

(A) the purposes described in section 4 for which the grant was used;

(B) the amount of the grant allocated to each purpose described in section 4; and

15 (C) the extent to which the funding re-  
16 ceived under the program, including funding  
17 priorities and oversight, was administered in ac-  
18 cordance with the plan described in section  
19 3(c)(2); and

(2) any additional needs identified by agricultural producers in the State.

## **22 SEC. 6. TASK FORCE.**

23        The Secretary shall establish a task force composed  
24 of officers or employees of the Department of Agri-  
25 culture—

- 1                   (1) to provide advice to the Secretary relating  
2                   to whether addressing PFAS contamination should  
3                   be added as an eligible activity under each program  
4                   of the Department of Agriculture; and  
5                   (2) to provide technical assistance to States in  
6                   addressing PFAS contamination.

7 **SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

8                   There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-  
9                   retary to carry out this Act \$500,000,000 for the period  
10                  of fiscal years 2023 through 2027.

